

# PCD ANTENNA PRECISION CONICAL DIPOLE ANTENNA

# **ANTENNAS**

The PCD antennas are precision dipole antennas with conically shaped radiation elements. This construction enables the best dipole-like radiation pattern over a very large bandwidth up to 3 GHz. The precision balun with defined impedances guarantees best antenna symmetry, excellent VSWR and low coupling effects.

PCD 3100: 30 MHz - 1 GHz PCD 8250: 80 MHz - 3 GHz

# **APPLICATIONS**

- Fully anechoic room (FAR) validation according to CISPR 16-1-4 requirements
- ALSE validation according to CISPR25
- Table influence measurements according to CISPR 16-1-4
- Exposure evaluation of base stations
- RF-radiation safety measurements
- Research work

# **ACCURATE MEASUREMENTS**

- Accredited ÖKD calibration of antenna according to ISO/EN 17025 requirements available
- Check of proper antenna function with RefRad and antenna coupler prior to measurements
- Balun design reduces coupling effects and guarantees performance stability which is important for measurements near conducting materials and close to persons

# **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

- ÖKD accredited individual free space calibration
- ÖKD accredited calibration for site validation measurements according to CISPR 16-1-4 (FAR validation)
- Various antenna holders
- Radiation elements for 30 MHz to 1 GHz for the PCD 8250;
- · Ferrite beaded cable in different lengths







# **PCD ANTENNA**

# PRECISION CONICAL DIPOLE ANTENNA

### **TECHNICAL DATA PCD**

Max. RX Field Strength: 100 V/m Max. TX Input Power: 20 dBm

Sensitivity: better than 1mV/m

Operating Temperature: 5°C - 40°C Connector Type: SMA female

# **TECHNICAL DATA PCD 3100**

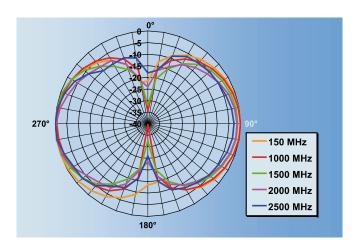
Frequency Range: 30 MHz - 1 GHz

Antenna Width: 21 cm Support Length: 13 cm

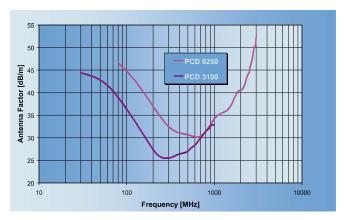
# **TECHNICAL DATA PCD 8250**

Frequency Range: 80 MHz - 3 GHz

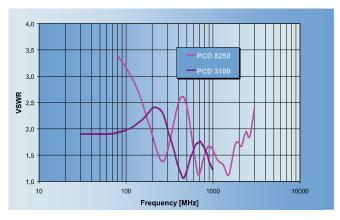
Antenna Width: 13 cm Support Length: 13 cm



Typical radiation pattern of PCD 8250 antenna (E-plane)



Typical antenna factor of PCD antennas



Typical VSWR of PCD antennas